INWITE: Interdisciplinary Research of Wireless Technologies

Principal investigator: Prof. Zbynek Raida, raida@feec.vutbr.cz

1. Introduction & Background

SIX - The Centre of Sensor, Information and Communication Systems

- Established in 2010 by four departments of the Faculty of Electrical Engineering and Communication (FEEC), Brno University of Technology (BUT), Czech Republic
- Full operation since 2014
- Focused on electronic systems for communication and related issues



INWITE - Interdisciplinary Research of Wireless Technologies - 5-year project supporting 5 topics of research activities in SIX (01/2015 - 12/2019)

2. Ongoing Research

The research of innovative concepts of wireless communication systems, which can provide high reliability, high speed and capacity, jointly ensuring high digital security with a wide applicability

INWITE aims at the priorities of the HORIZON 2020 work program:

- Smart cities and Communities
- Mobility for growth
- Digital security

All activities within the project are covered under the umbrella of five working groups: WG1 - Sensors WG2 - Signals WG3 - Radio Frequency Systems WG4 - Mobile Communication Systems WG5 - Cyber Security

Each WG led by one supervisor from SIX and one co-supervisor from Technical University of Vienna (TU Wien)

3. Research Plan

WG1 - Sensors

- autonomous sensor node
- environmental monitoring
- ambient assisted living systems
- security and auto-diagnostic tools

WG2 - Signals

- detection and localization of extraordinary events
- algorithms for handling moving objets
- high performance decision making, analysis and prediction

WG3 - Radio Frequency Systems

- vehicle-to-X communication
- hybrid and optical communication channels
- positioning and navigation

WG4 - Mobile Communication Systems

- future generations of mobile communication systems
- machine-to-machine communication
- antenna concepts for future generations of mobile comm. systems

WG5 - Cybernetic Security

- cryptographic protocols
- analytics tools
- privacy enhancing technologies









3. Expected Findings (selected)

Year 1 (2015)

- design of new modifications of CCTO materials with high permittivity
- evaluation of fluctiation phenomena in gas sensors

Years 2-5 (2016-2019)

- investigate the potential of CCTO systems and verify CCTO-based super capacitor on a chip
- statistical evaluation and machine learning using multimodal data for

selection of features and training for extraordinary event detection
design and simulation of a ranging model (moving object localization)
identify the potential of acceleration of the SotA learning algorithms

measurement and evaluation of V2X channels in frequency domain
platform for characterization of turbulent atmospheric outdoor channel

- unified architecture for simulating different systems with various RATs
- traffic modeling platform for machine-to-machine communication
- analysis of basic elements for intelligent antenna system

benchmark lightweight cryptographic protocol primitives
zero-knowledge cryptographic protocols using existing primitives evaluation, with new algebraic structures extraordinary event detection

- new decentralized and fully distributed learning algorithms

- measurement of UWB, MMW band channels in time and frequency domain and exploiting the models for definition of PHY layer concept

optimization of physical layer signals of mobile systems to allow operation with minimal power, considering interference cancellation
simplification of mobile communication stack for low cost devices
intelligent antenna system and wideband high gain millimeter-wave ant.

cryptographic protection of smart house, V2X, wearables, etc. complex technologies for user authentication and access control